

Physics Education Research

The University of Edinburgh



Students as co-creators: Strategies for high quality engagement and learning

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- Students as co-creators of learning
- Active engagement: examples
 - Peer instruction
 - Flipped classroom
 - PeerWise
- Barriers to adoption
 - Why research evidence is not always enough



Students as co-creators of learning?







Students as co-creators of learning



Interactive engagement

 - 'Promote conceptual understanding through...heads-on (always) and hands-on (usually) activities which yield immediate feedback through discussion with peers and/or instructors'

R.R. Hake, Am. J. Phys. **66**, 64 (1998)

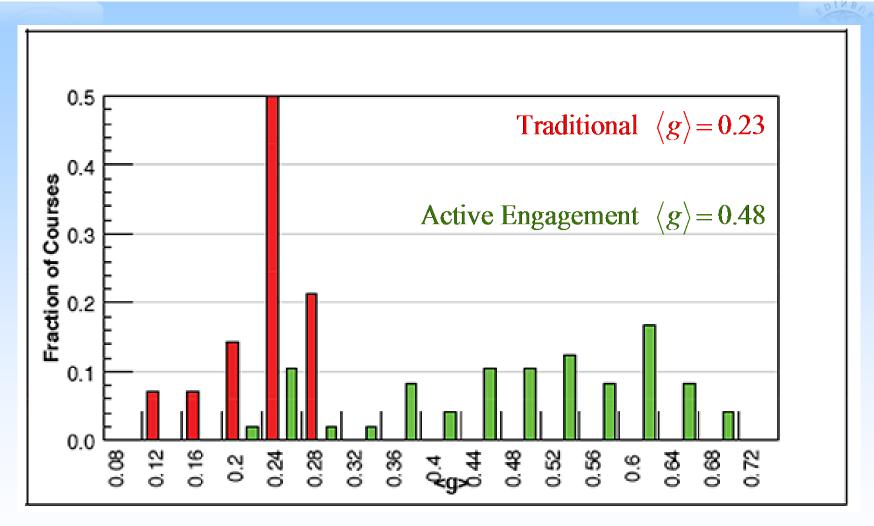






Interactive engagement







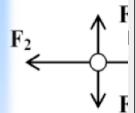
Student difficulties & misconceptions



the direction

Question title: Fou

Four forces, F1, F2 of F4. The arrows in Which of the following



- a. F4 = F2 and
- b. F4 = F2 and
- c. F4 > F2 and
- d. F4 > F2 and
- e. F4 > F2 and

Response Summar

Answer	Value
a.	100.00%
b.	0.00%
c.	0.00%
d.	0.00%
e.	0.00%

Question Stati

Assessment title: I

< Your location

Question title: Fo

Four forces, F1, speed along a stra directions of the following which of the follow related?



C a. F4 = F2; C b. F4 = F2; C c. F4 > F2; C d. F4 > F2;

C e. F4 > F2 a

Response July			
Answer	Value		
a.	100.0		
b.	0.00%		
c.	0.00%		
d.	0.00%		
e.	0.00%		

Grade Distribution

Grade	Freque	
0-10	187	
11-20	0	

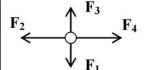


Question Statistics

Assessment title: Diagnostic test 1
Ouestion title: Four forces F1 F2

Four forces, F1, F2, F3 and F4 are exerted together on a hockey puck. The puck moves at constant speed along a straight line in the direction of F4. The arrows in the accompanying figure represent the directions of the four forces but not their magnitudes.

Which of the following relationships represents best how the magnitudes of the four forces are related?



- O a. F4 = F2 and F3 = F1.
- b. F4 = F2 and F3 > F1.
- O c. F4 > F2 and F3 > F1.
- O d. F4 > F2 and F3 = F1.
- e. F4 > F2 and F3 < F1.</p>

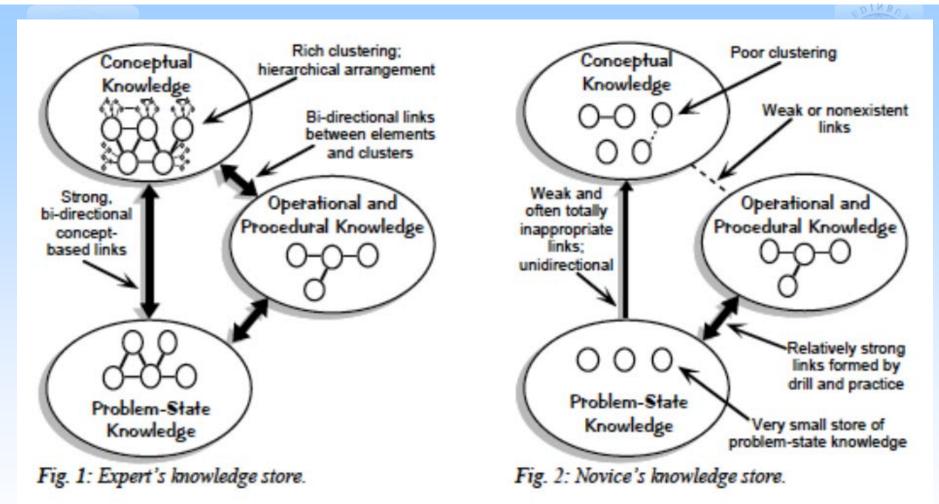
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00%	
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00% 0	
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Education Research

EdPER Gerace's model of knowledge structure





W.J. Gerace, in Phys. Educ. Res. Conf. 2001 (Rochester, New York, 2001)



Active engagement



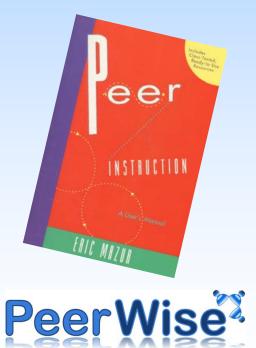
 Some examples from our own teaching & research:

Peer instruction

Flipped classroom

PeerWise









Peer Instruction







Peer instruction



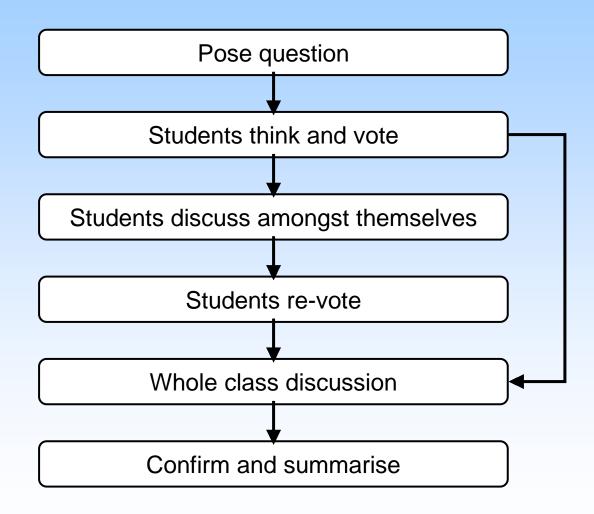
- Ausubel's Dictum: 'Ascertain what the student knows and teach accordingly.'
- Kathleen Fisher: 'Ascertain what the student misunderstands and teach accordingly.'

D.P. Ausubel, J.D. Novak, H. Hanesian et al, (1968) K.M. Fisher and D.E. Moody, in *Mapp. Biol. Knowl.* (Springer, 2002), pp. 55–75



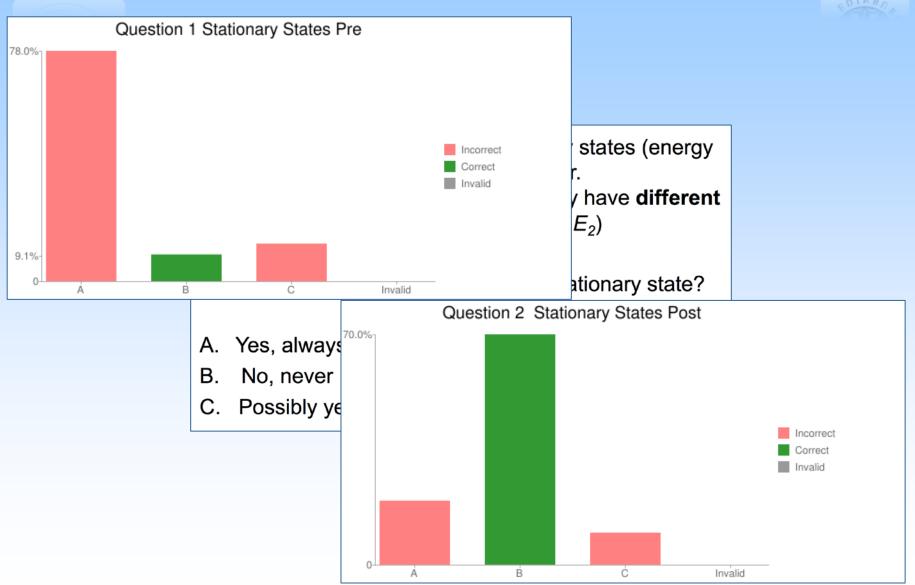
Peer instruction













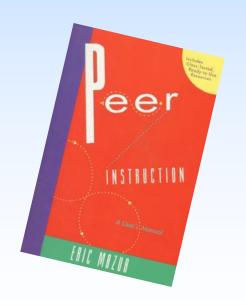








Flipped classroom





Flipped classroom



Week *n*-1

Pre-lecture study

Course resources

Pre-lecture quiz

'What I still don't understand...'

Week

n

Lectures

Peer instruction

Week *n*+1

Workshop

Problem solving

Hand-in assignment

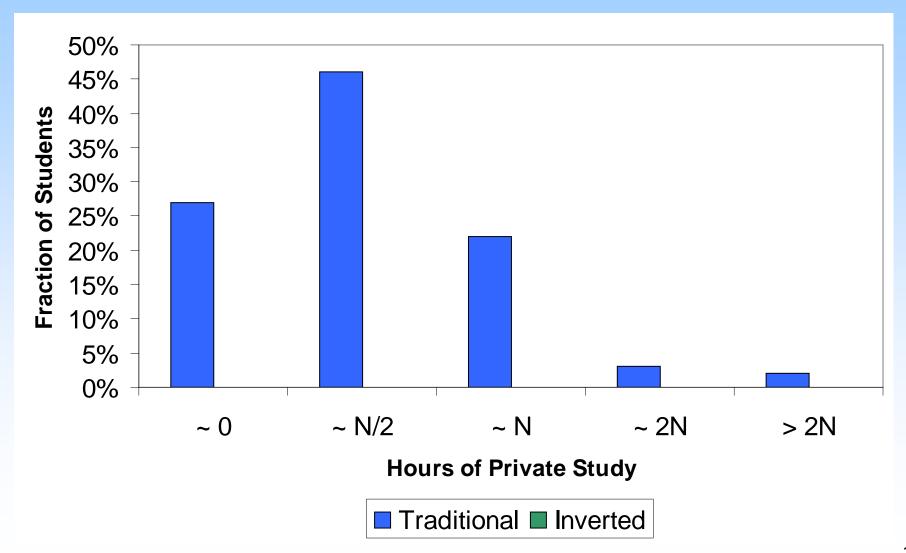
Problems

PeerWise



Time on task

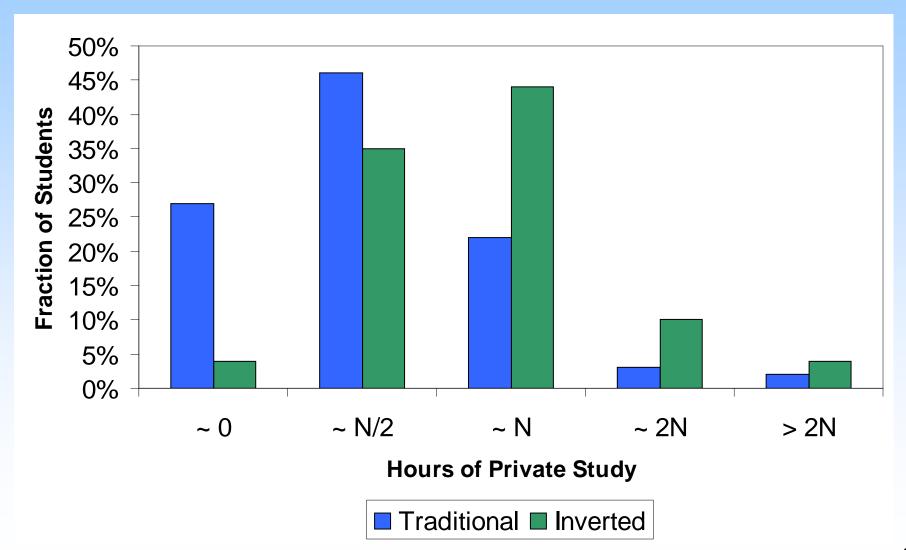






Time on task







Student views



strongly prefer the traditional approach	1
slightly prefer the traditional approach	-
don't mind either way	_
slightly prefer the Physics 1A approach	
strongly prefer the Physics 1A approach	

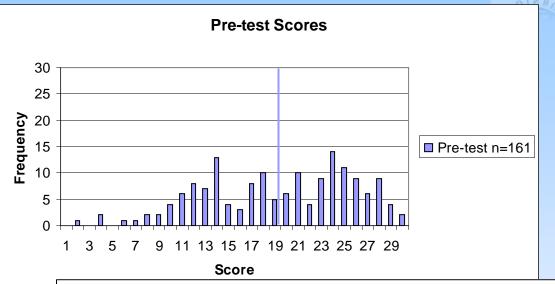
- Really like that you need to prepare for the lectures as the lectures themselves are much more interesting.
- This was more interactive, which helped further our understanding of the material. I strongly believe you learn from doing rather than listening.
- Sometimes it would have been more useful to explore formulas, derive things and especially explain everything.
- Too much clicker questions at lecture and not enough explanation.

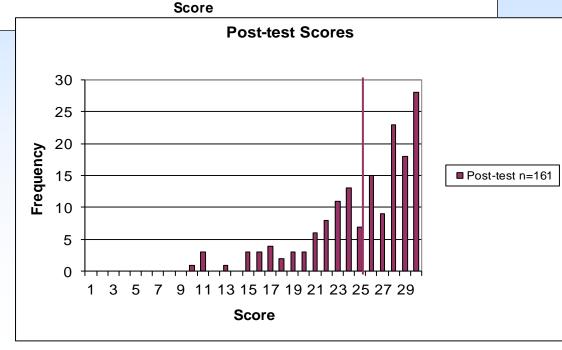


Does it work?



Year	<g></g>
2006-07	0.33(4)
2007-08	0.58(2)
2008-09	0.54(2)
2009-10	0.54(2)
2010-11	0.38(3)
2011-12	0.55(3)
2012-13	0.44(3)
2013-14	0.45

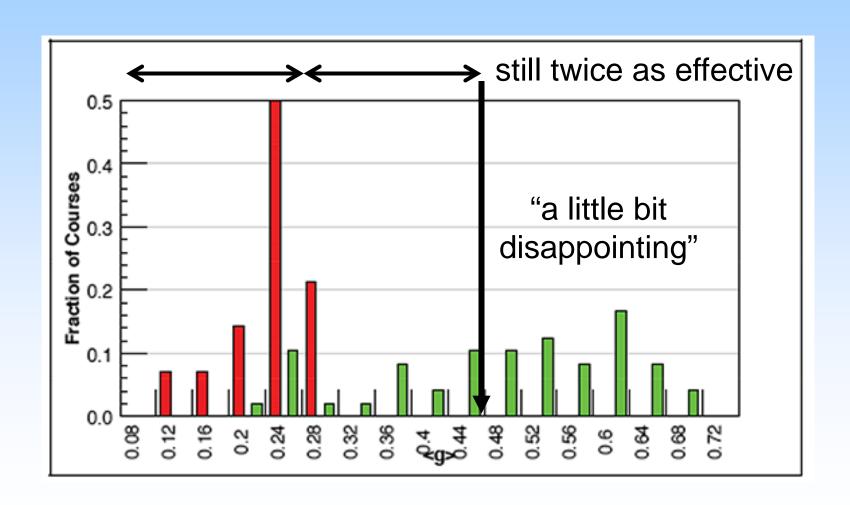






Some perspective...









PeerWise



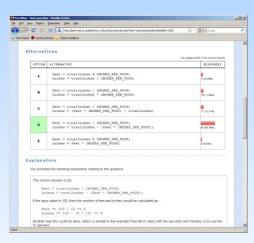
https://peerwise.cs.auckland.ac.nz



PeerWise



- Web-based MCQ repository
- Content created by and for students
 - Write questions & associated explanations
 - Answer questions written by other students
 - Rate questions for quality& difficulty
 - Take part in discussions
 - Follow other authors



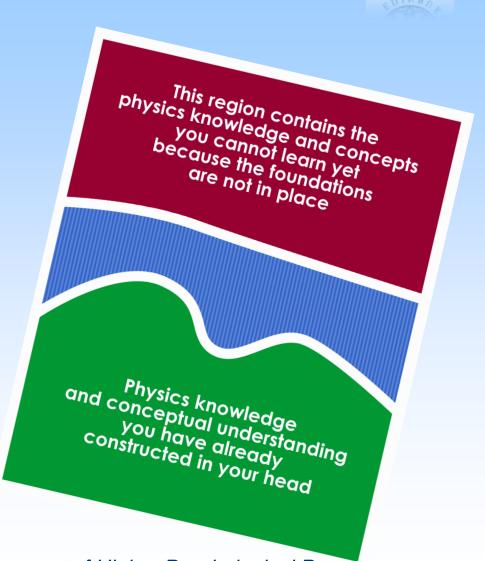
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e Getting S	torted 😹 Latest Hesilines		
	estions answered		
	stons answered	Number of questions	
by a sing	ie nze.	you have answered	
BARK	QUESTIONS ANSWERED	14	
1	645		
2	628		
9	445		
- 4	273		
. 5	238		
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How we scaffold PeerWise use



- Introduced in hands-on workshop session
- Students worked through structured examples then devised own Qs in groups
- Encouraged to choose topics in their 'Zone of Proximal Development'



L.S. Vygotsky, *Mind in Society: The Development of Higher Psychological Processes* (Harvard University Press, Cambridge, MA, 1978).



Typical assessment requirements: Physics 1A

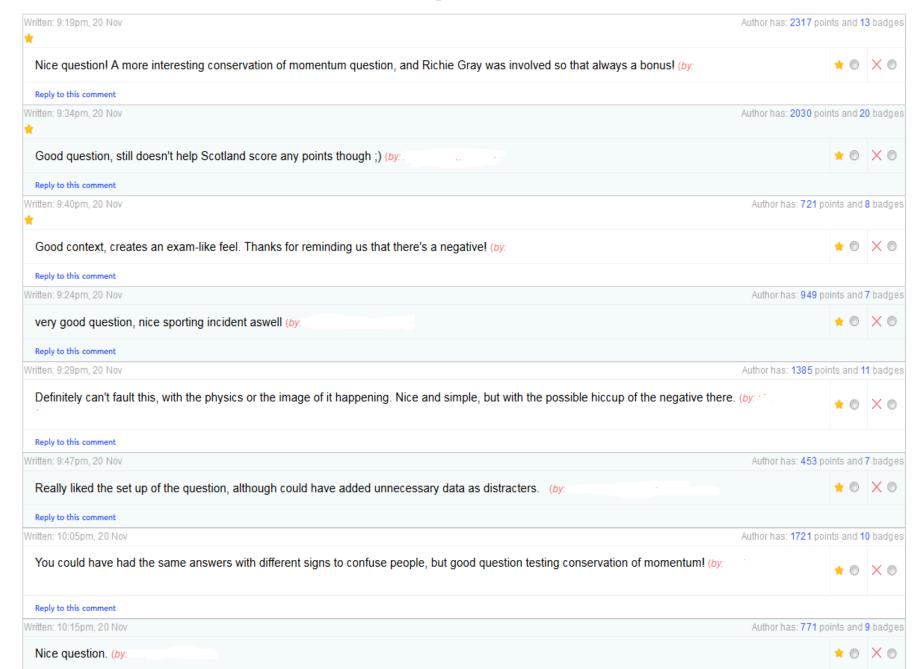


- Two deadlines
 - Spaced through the semester
- Minimum requirements per deadline:
 - Write 1 question
 - Answer 5
 - Comment on & rate 3
- Contributes 4% to course assessment



Comments

There are 17 comments for this question (17 top-level comments and 0 replies)





Benefits for students



Question writing, creating distractors and explaining answers – synthesizing materials, meta-cognitive awareness

Creation of a bank of questions to test knowledge and understanding

Reviewing questions and explanations – critical thinking, evaluation



Courses in this study



Physics 1A (Edinburgh) 1st year 1st semester

Physics 1B (Edinburgh) 1st year 2nd semester follow on from 1A

Physics 2 (Glasgow) 2nd year full year course



PeerWise engagement and exam performance



Multiple Measure of PeerWise engagement

Number of questions authored Number of questions answered Number of *quality* comments given Number of *quality* comments received

Standardized and summed for each student



Relationship with exam score



Is overall engagement associated with higher exam performance?

Do any associations remain when controlling for prior-ability?

Dependent Variable: Exam score

Independent Variable(s): MM

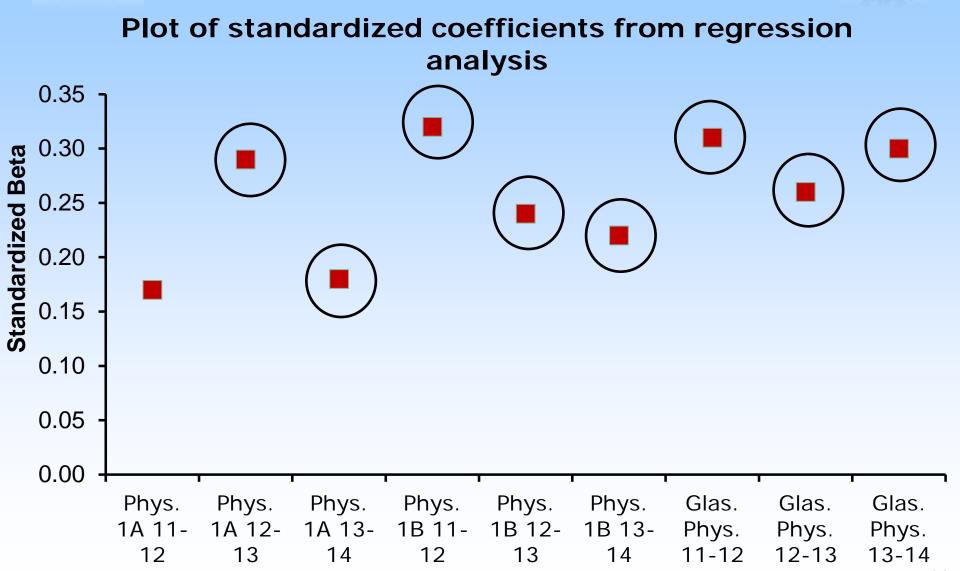
Pre-score

before PeerWise use



Association between MM and exam score ...

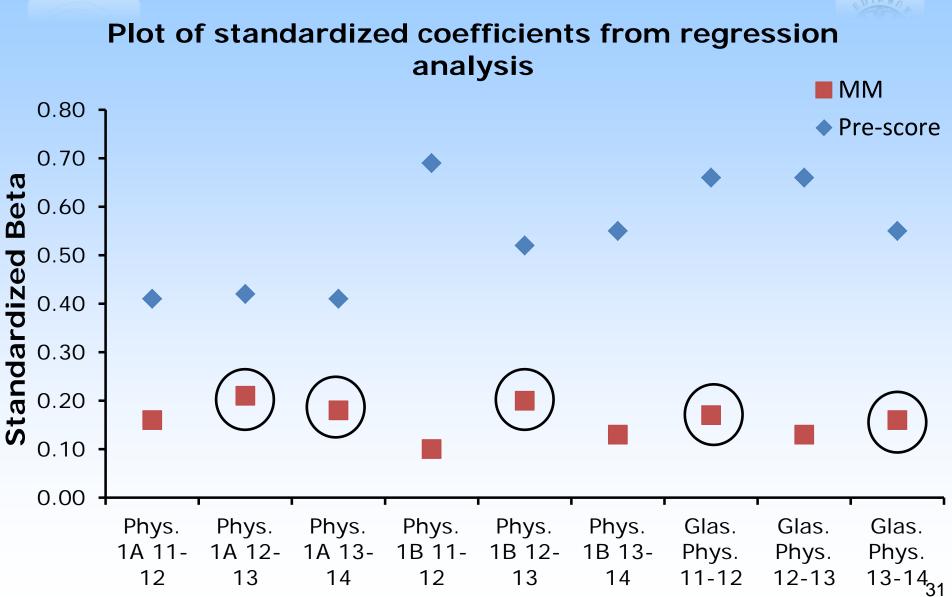






... controlling for prior ability







Research conclusions



Complicated relationship between PeerWise engagement and attainment

Small but significant effects: PeerWise is a small component of course; exams no MCQ component

Are effects consistent across ability levels and courses?

More philosophical question: is exam performance the best way to capture skills PeerWise aims to promote?





Barriers to adoption





- Barriers to adoption:
 - Why is research evidence not always enough?

"Good ideas, supported by convincing evidence of efficacy, will spread 'naturally'—that, on learning about the success of particular initiatives, others will become convinced enough to try them.

The evidence in support of this theory is...lacking"

E. Seymour, Sci. Educ. **86**, 79 (2002)



Attitudes to teaching



 Survey of 281 academic staff in 37 UK university physics departments:

Agree /					
strongl	ly	ag	re	e	

Disagree / strongly disagree

12%

If I didn't have to teach, I wouldn't

77%

26%

Teaching is the **most useful thing** I do as an academic

33%

84%

I take as much **professional pride** in my teaching as I do in my research

9%

Teaching staff are dedicated and engaged



Are staff aware of teaching innovations?



- USA study (722 physics faculty):
 - 87% of respondents familiar with at least one evidence-based reformed instructional strategy
 - 27% use at least one of them

M. Dancy and C. Henderson, Am. J. Phys. **78**, 1056 (2010)

- UK study (281 physics faculty):
 - 64% of respondents familiar with at least one evidence-based reformed instructional strategy
 - 48% use at least one of them

J. Hardy et al., Fostering Learning Improvements in Physics (2014)



What are the challenges for staff? Structural factors



USA study:

 53% of respondents said lack of time prevented them from using research-informed instructional strategies

UK study:

 44% of respondents said they do not have enough time to teach the way they would like to

Preparation [for flipped classroom] took roughly 20 hours for the first class, dropping to 10 hours by the third class. We estimate that under normal circumstances a moderately experienced instructor would require about 5 hours of preparation time per one hour class.



What are the challenges for staff? Pedagogical context



I tried to use clickers, but I didn't see any improvements, so I returned to traditional lecturing.

There are too many choices of teaching innovations; I don't know which to choose.

J.M. Fraser et al., Rep. Prog. Phys. **77**, 032401 (2014)

- USA study:
 - ~1/3 of respondents who tried a research-informed instructional strategy subsequently stopped

C. Henderson et al., Phys. Rev. Spec. Top. - Phys. Educ. Res. 8, 1 (2012)



Implementation in practice

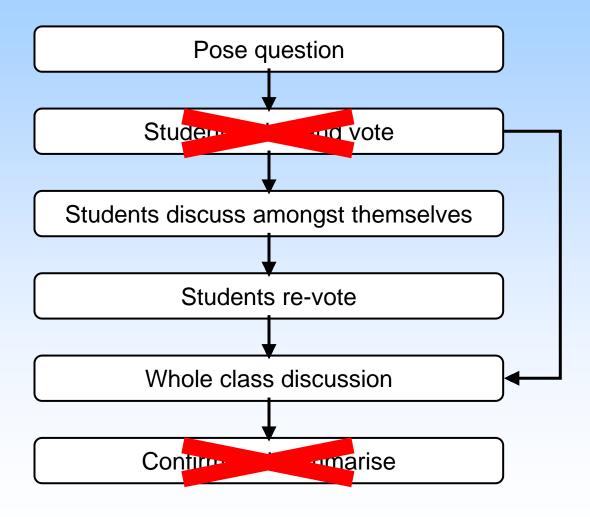


- Only ~20-25% of staff use evidence-based teaching approaches without modification
 - C. Henderson and M. Dancy, Phys. Rev. Spec. Top. Phys. Educ. Res. 5, 020107 (2009)
- Wide range of implementation practices leading to different classroom norms (during peer instruction)
 - C. Turpen and N.D. Finkelstein, Phys. Rev. Spec. Top. Phys. Educ. Res. 6, 020123 (2010)
- Extensive use of student test performance (by staff) and student evaluations (by institutions) to evaluate effectiveness (USA study)
 - C. Henderson et al, Phys. Rev. Spec. Top. Phys. Educ. Res. 10, 010106 (2014)



Example: Peer Instruction





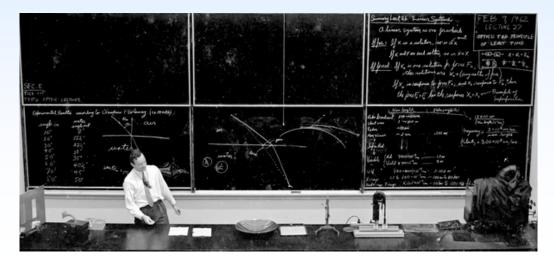


Implementing change



- 'awareness' knowledge
- 'how-to' knowledge
- 'principles' knowledge

C. Henderson and M.H. Dancy, Am. J. Phys. **76**, 79 (2008)







So what can be done?



- Implementation in the classroom needs to be aligned with the underlying educational principles
- Educational reforms need to take account of the local, often complex, classroom context
- Effective strategies take time to embed

C. Henderson, A. Beach, and N. Finkelstein, J. Res. Sci. Teach. 48, 952 (2011)







Summary



- Students as co-creators of learning
- Active engagement: examples
 - Peer instruction
 - Flipped classroom
 - PeerWise
- Barriers to adoption
 - Alignment between principles and practice
 - No quick fixes